

Designing Deeply Rooted, Authentic Places for 21st Century

ARTHACTS GGLO

Introduction

Christine Harrington GGLO Landscape Architect

Christine enjoys cultivating collaborative relationships with clients and design team members in pursuit of transforming common materials into inspirational spaces





Introduction

Spencer Howard

Artifacts Consulting Preservation Planner

The focus of Spencer's work has been the documentation of historic properties and cultural landscapes to support continued use.





Introduction

PJ Benenati GGLO Landscape Architect

Working at a variety of scales, PJ approaches all projects with a fresh lens, to ensure community driven design that evolves to meet the needs of the end users.





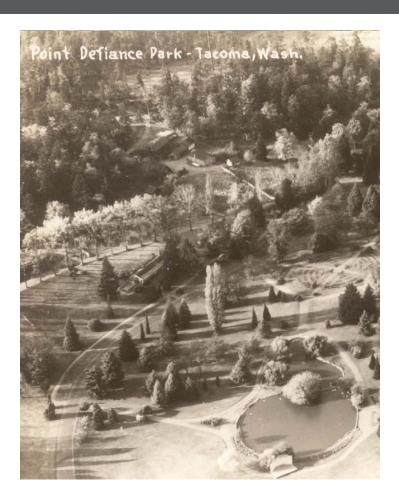
Presentation Outline

- OVERVIEW OF HISTORIC PRESERVATION
- Connecting Story & Place | Spaulding Ranch
- Positioning Existing Parks For The Next 50 Years | Ann Morrison Park
- Palimpsest: Uncovering Identity | Indian Creek Plaza

Learning Objectives

- 1. Understand the (4) treatments of Historic Preservation.
- 2. Learn how to incorporate different public involvement strategies.
- 3. Learn how to overlay community driven designs and historic character.
- 4. Acquire a basic understanding of how to keep historic landscapes relevant and a catalyst for urban development.





CULTURAL LANDSCAPE REPORT

Cultural Landscape Report

- · Treatment approach selection
- · Site and background data
- · Analysis of development patterns and significance
- Prioritized recommendations
- Guidelines for the Treatment of Cultural Landscapes used to apply the Standards for the Treatment of Historic Properties

Preparation Process:

- Historic significance
- Physical condition
- Proposed use
- Intended interpretation



HISTORICAL SIGNIFICANCE

- Is the landscape listed to a historic register?
 - If so, under which criteria?
 - Any protective covenants?
- Designed landscape or developed through use?
 - Why does it exist?
- · Rarity of the landscape?
- What are the character-defining features and spaces?
 - (form, materials, features, spatial organization, topography, circulation, and vegetation)
- What are the development period(s)?
- Are there key historical themes or persons?
- What is the period of significance and why?





PHYSICAL CONDITION

- What was the original design or form?
 - Point in time?
 - · Series of steps or processes?
- How much of the original landscape remains intact?
- What and when did alterations occur?
 - How did these changes impact the landscape?
 - How do they relate to the period of significance?
- Do conditions require stabilization or protection of existing features pending work?



PROPOSED USE

- Talking with users and neighbors to understand the landscape's community role (present and past)
- How was the landscape used historically?
 - Highly specific function or general?
- How does the proposed use relate to historic use(s)?
- What is the level of public access to the landscape?
- Working with the owner(s) to understand funding and programming needs
- Consulting with land use and building officials to understand code requirements



TREATMENT

- Based on the historical significance, physical condition, and proposed use what is the treatment approach?
- What level of new work, repairs, signage, universal access routes, or replanting are necessary to support proposed use(s), interpretation, and the treatment approach?
- Develop prioritized recommendations to implement changes consistent with the Standards for the Treatment of Historic Properties
- Does interpretation focus on a single period of development or event or a broader period?

CHOOSING AN APPRORIATE PRESERVATION PRACTICE

The Secretary of the Interior's Standards for Treatment of Historic Properties

The standards outline best practices and technical recommendations for general design and how to maintain, repair and replace historic materials. There are four distinct approaches: (1) Reconstruction, (2) Preservation, (3) Restoration, and (4) Rehabilitation that provide a framework for decision-making about work or changes to a historic property. The decision tree demonstrates that rehabilitation is the best historic treatment for Spaulding Ranch based on these national standards.

PRESERVATION

REHABILITATION

RESTORATION

RECONSTRUCTION

Secretary of the Interior's Standards for the Treatment of Historic Properties

PRESERVATION

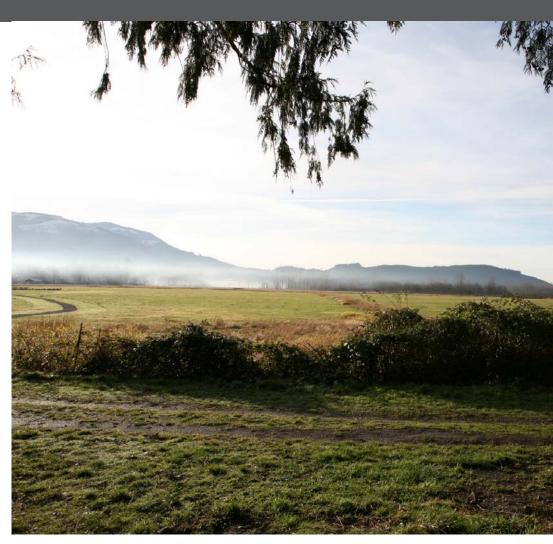
- Maintenance and repair of existing historic materials
- Retention of a landscape's form as it has evolved over time
- A largely intact, historically significant landscape requiring few programming changes



Secretary of the Interior's Standards for the Treatment of Historic Properties

REHABILITATION

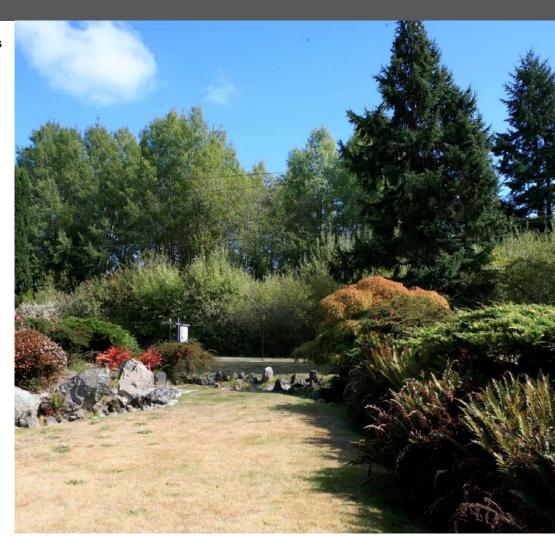
- Need to alter or add to the landscape to support continuing or change in use
- Retains the landscape's historic character.
- A historically significant landscape previously altered and/or anticipates changes due to a change in use.



Secretary of the Interior's Standards for the Treatment of Historic Properties

RESTORATION

- Depicts a landscape at a particular period of time
- Removes evidence of other periods
- Achieved significance at a particular point in time with an ongoing or new use tied closely to the original design
- High level of detail required with regard to original design and planting



Secretary of the Interior's Standards for the Treatment of Historic Properties

RECONSTRUCTION

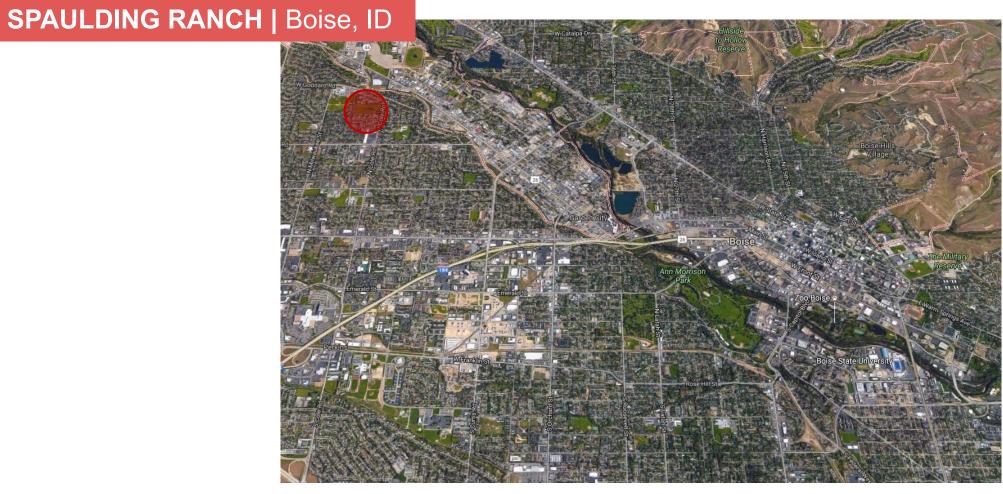
- Re-creates vanished or nonsurviving portions of a landscape for interpretive purposes
- Requires an exacting level of detail with regard to the original design, materials, and plantings in order to support the interpretive goals

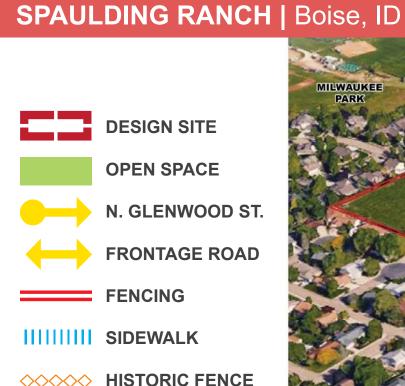


SPAULDING RANCH | Boise, ID

- 20 Acre Site
- First Structure Built in 1895
- 4 Owners
- Originally a "Gentleman's Farm"





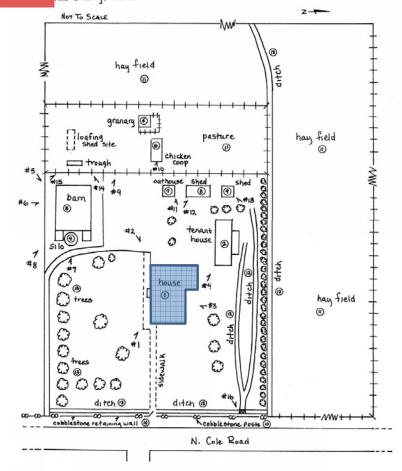




SPAULDING RANCH | Boise, ID

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ilmon W. and Dr. Mary E. Spaulding Ranch Ida County, Idaho





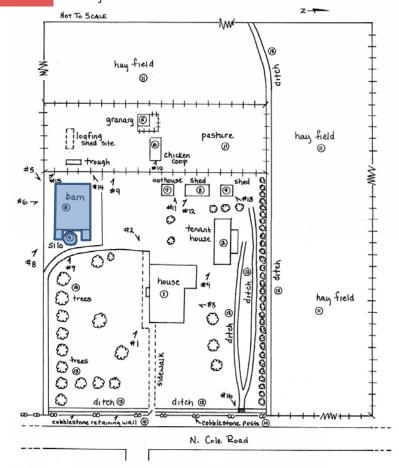




SPAULDING RANCH | Boise, ID

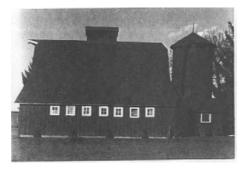
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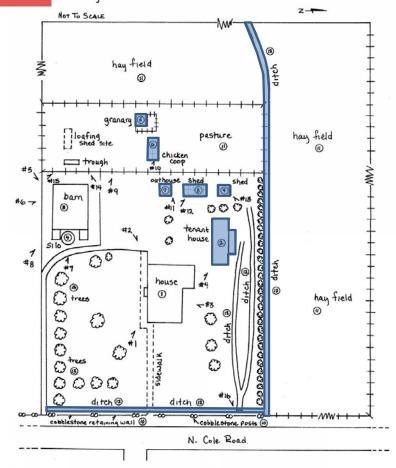




SPAULDING RANCH | Boise, ID

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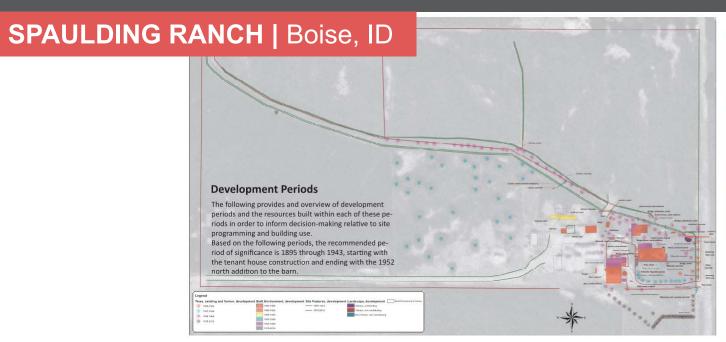
ilmon W. and Dr. Mary E. Spaulding Ranch Ida County, Idaho

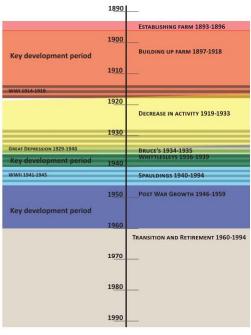












Period 1: Spauldings, 1893-1927

Estimated Dates (in red) · Establishing farm 1893-1896

- » 1895-1896 Tenant house built, house the Spauldings moved into
- » 1893-1900 ditch established
- . Building up farm 1897-1918
- » 1897-1900 Tenant house north addition
- » 1897-1909 Granary, built
- » 1905-1910 House, east porch addition; maple off southwest corner of house planted
- » 1910-1918, concrete head wall and cul-
- » 1910-1915 Roses planted along front fence » 1912-1918 House, west addition, west
- porch; Tenant house, porch addition » 1912-1918 Chicken coun built
- » 1912-1918 Barn south addition
- » 1900-1915 Orchard planted
- Tenant role unknown 1919-1933

Established Dates

- 1891 Settlers Canal completed • Establishing farm 1893-1896
- » 1893 Homestead Act application by the Spauldings
- » 1896 Spauldings move to 80-acre site
- Building up farm 1897-1918
- » 1905 1.5 story house built
- » 1910 Spauldings sold 20 acres to daughter
- » 1910 Dairy barn, north milk house, trough, and silo built
- » 1910-1915 Rock piers, concrete stairs, and retaining wall built
- Decrease in Spaulding family role 1919-1933
- » 1919 Mary Spaulding, dies » 1924 Amon Spaulding, moves off farm
- » 1927 Amon Spaulding, dies
- » 1934 Amon's son settles estate and sells

Period 2: Bruce's 1934-1935, and Whittlesley's, 1936-1939

Established Dates Estimated Dates (in red)

- » 1936-1939 Evergreens along driveway · 1934 Bruce's, owners, purchase • 1936 Whittlesleys, owners, purchase planted
 - » 1936-1937 Outhouse built

Period 3: Caron's, 1940-1994

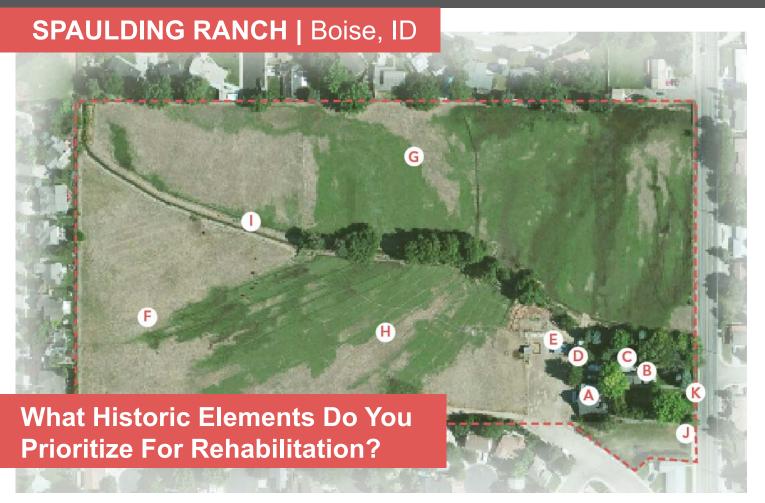
Estimated Dates (in red)

- Post War growth 1946-1959
- » 1950-1955 Tenant house, west addition
- » 1952 Barn, north addition
- » 1952-1960s Barn, northeast CMU milk
- house addition
- » 1950-1969 House, north addition
- » 1946-1959 Rock post (1), with light, north of driveway
- Transition 1960-1969 » Unknown
- Retirement 1970-1994
- » 1960-1990s Rock posts (8) with light, two in yard, and south of driveway

Established Dates · 1940, Caron's, owners, purchase

- Post War growth 1946-1959
- » 1943 Barn, southeast milk house addition
- » 1950, Tenant house, concrete apron
- Transition 1960-1969
- Retirement 1970-1994
- » 1970s, Caron's sold 40 acres » 1980s, Caron's bought back 3 acre buffer
- at southeast corner
- » 1994 listed to the National Register of Historic Places











Accessory Buildings chicken coop, tack room, corral



(Past field uses & approximate locations)

G Cornfield

(H) Apple Orchard



(B) Main House



(D) WPA Outhouse



(F) Pasture/hayfields



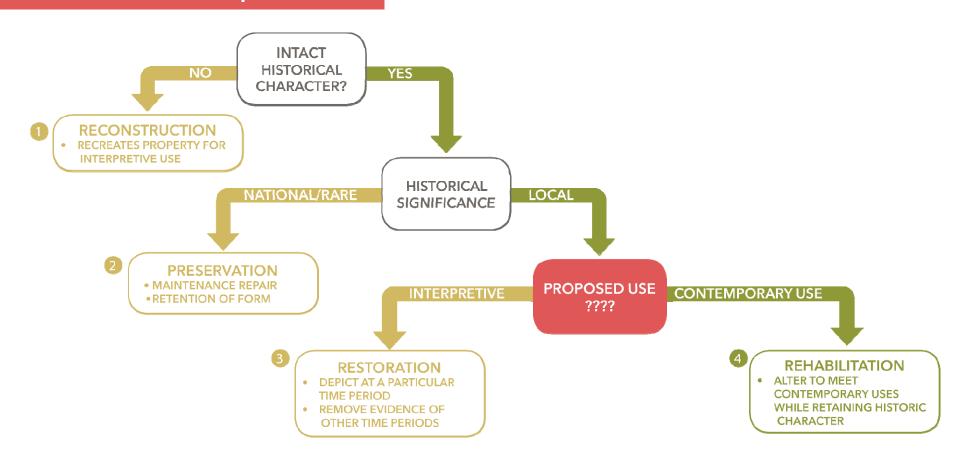
Irrigation Canal



Cobblestone Fence & Retaining Wall



SPAULDING RANCH | Boise, ID



Our Design Approach Focused On:

- Historic Preservation
- Education & Interpretation
- Community Connections



Discovery Phase

- Context Analysis
- Historic & Site Analysis
- Meet with Stakeholders:
- » Historic Preservation Community
- » Open Space/Parks, Urban Agriculture
- » Neighborhood
- Set Master Plan Goals

Public Open House

Design Phase

- Analyze Information from Discovery Phase
- Case Studies
- Set Design Goals
- Charrette Design Options with Stakeholders & th

Public

Public Meeting

Finalize Master Plan

- Summarize All We've Heard
- Create Final Master Plan Draft
- Character Images
- Receive Feedback from Stakeholders & the Public

Public Open House

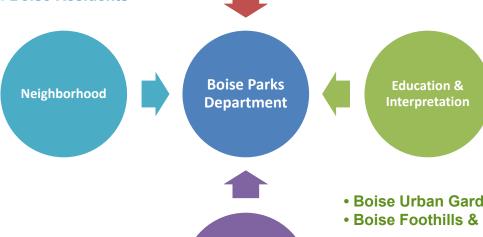
SPAULDING RANCH | Boise, ID



- West Bench Neighborhood Assoc.
- City of Boise Neighborhood Coord.
- Neighbors & Boise Residents



- Preservation Idaho
- Idaho State Historic Preservation Office
- Arts & History Commission
- Artifacts Historic Preservation Consultant



- Global Gardens
- Treasure Valley Food Coalition
- NW Center for Alternatives to Pesticides

Urban Agriculture

- Boise Urban Garden School (BUGS)
- Boise Foothills & Open Space

SPAULDING RANCH | Boise, ID

How Do We Continue Moving Forward?:

SPAULDING RANCH | Boise, ID

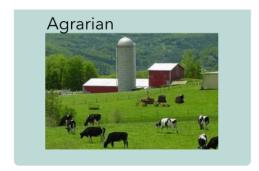
How Do We Continue Moving Forward?:

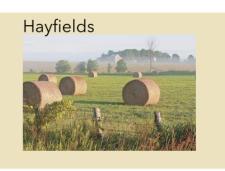


SPAULDING RANCH | Boise, ID

How Do We Continue Moving Forward?:

83%





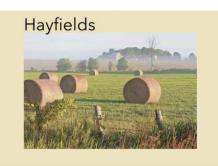
SPAULDING RANCH | Boise, ID

How Do We Continue Moving Forward?:

83%

90%







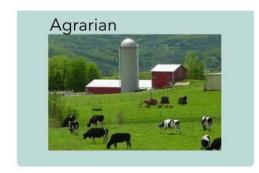
SPAULDING RANCH | Boise, ID

How Do We Continue Moving Forward?:

83%

90%

94%









DISCOVERY PHASE | What We Heard

- More Than A Museum: Unique
 & Iconic Hard Working Farm
- Active Park Space for Today
 & The Future
- Bridge the Gap Between Urban & Rural
- Community Gardens
- Natural Play
- Historic Interpretation
- Wildlife Habitat & Education









DISCOVERY PHASE | What We Heard

- Walking Paths
- Flexible Event Space
- Agricultural Education
- Food Education and Preparation
- Youth connections & outdoor classrooms
- Farmer's Market
- Urban Demonstration Farm
- Sustainable Water Use
 & Agriculture Irrigation









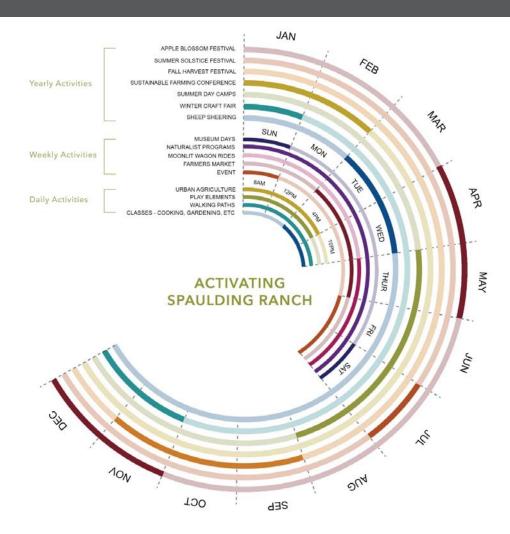
COMMUNITY CONNECTIONS

THE POWER OF 10

A place thrives when users have a range of reasons (10+) to be there. These might include a place to sit, play areas to enjoy, art to touch, music to hear, food to eat, history to experience, and people to meet. Ideally, some of these activities will be unique to the place reflecting the culture and history of the community.

ACTIVE PLAY & YEAR AROUND

Goal is to create daily opportunities for cultural, historical & ecological exploration. A successful park engages the community while being a regional draw throughout the year. An active park will be flexible to accommodate large events and inviting for daily use by neighbors.

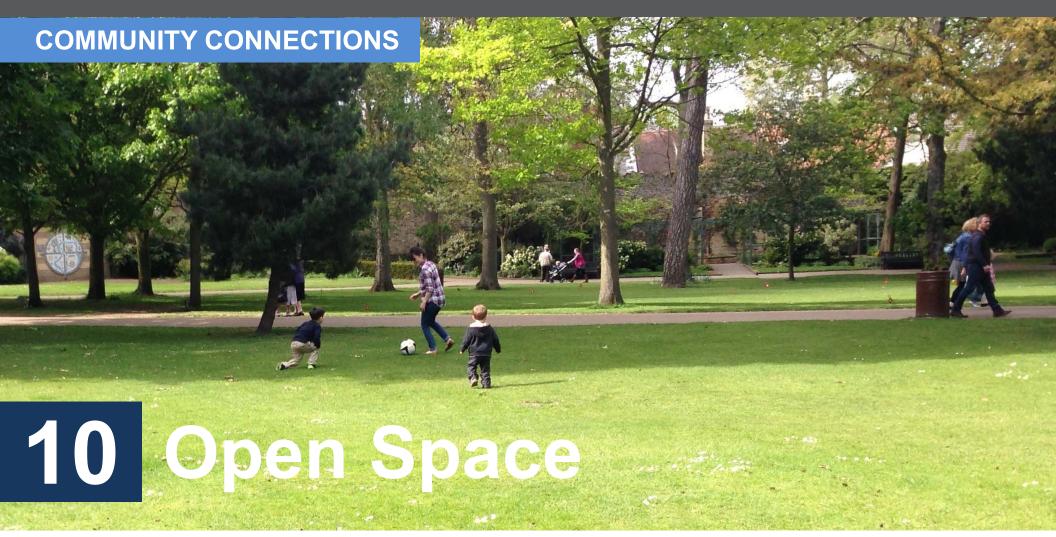


COMMUNITY CONNECTIONS

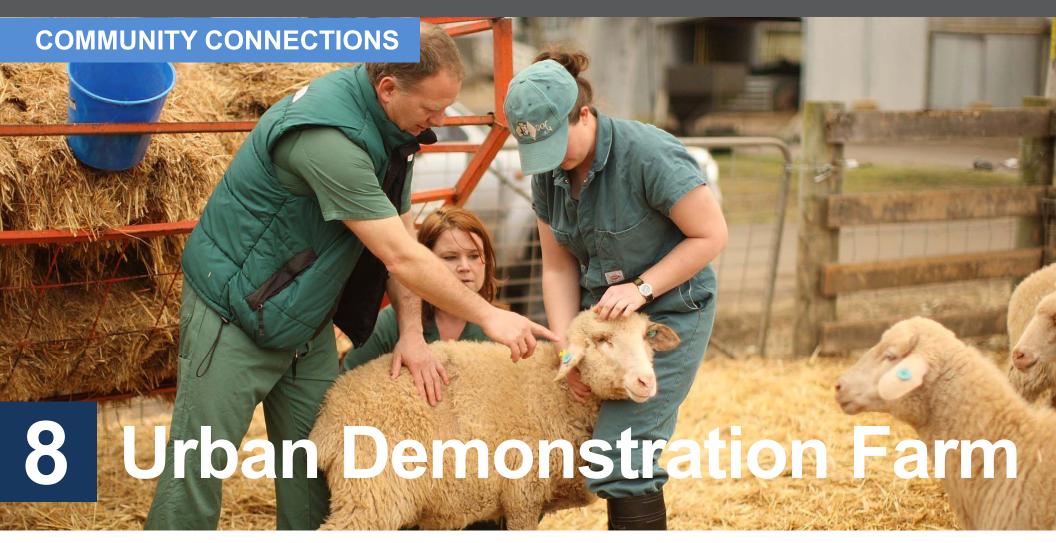
A successful open space requires at least 10 elements that encourage activity within the park throughout the day and year round.

Select your Top 10 activities that you would like to see in Spaulding Ranch:









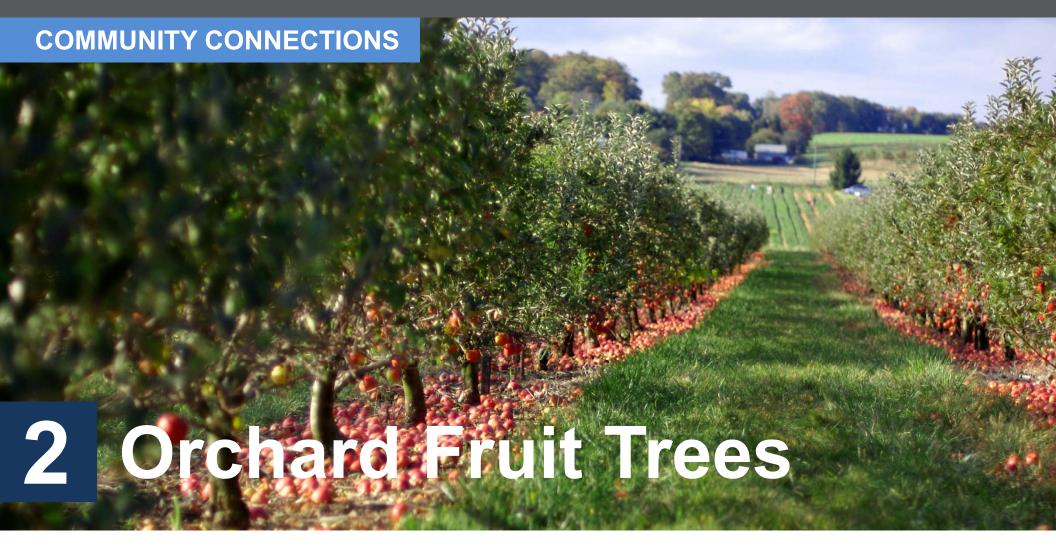




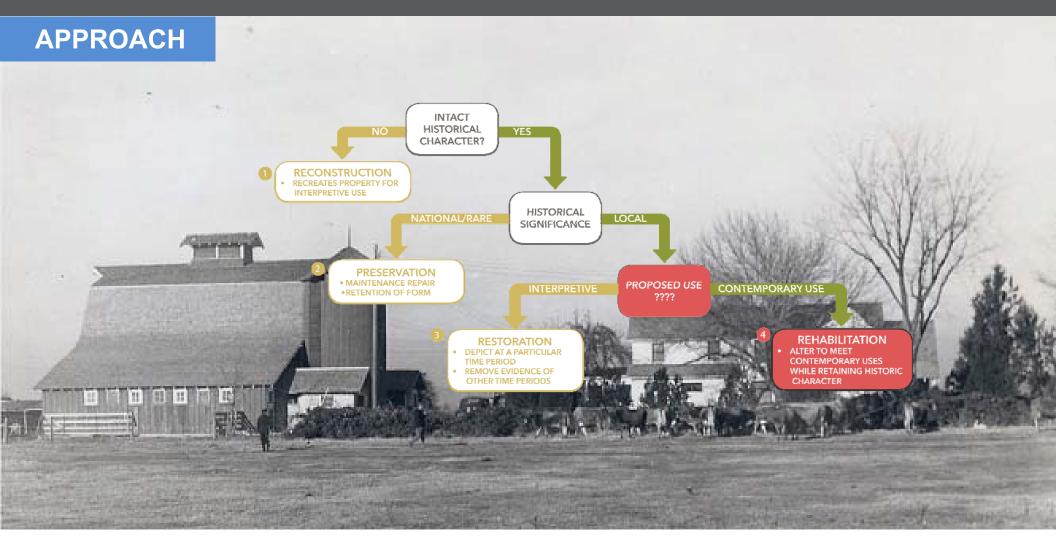












WHERE DOES IT ALL GO?











































ONLINE CHARRETTE

Move the program elements on the bottom of the map into the outlined area where you believe the program element should be placed.

You must use all the program elements.

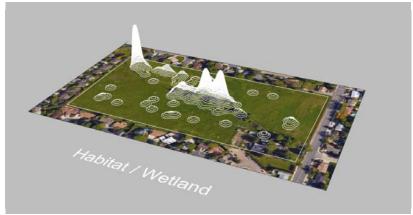


You must place all the program elements within the park boundary to submit.



SPAULDING RANCH | Boise, ID









WHAT WE HEARD | Program Plan



COMMUNITY GARDENS

FARMERS MARKET

NATURAL PLAY

PARKING

ORCHARD

INCUBATOR FARM

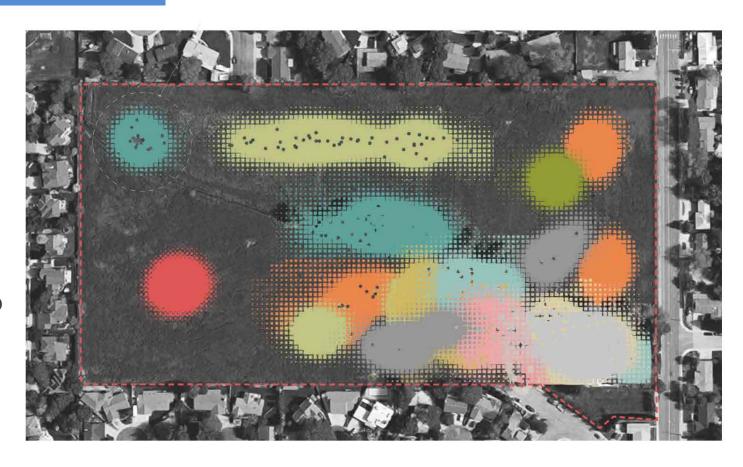
DEMONSTRATION FARM

OPEN SPACE / HAYFIELD

WETLAND / HABITAT

KITCHEN / CAFÉ

MUSEUM

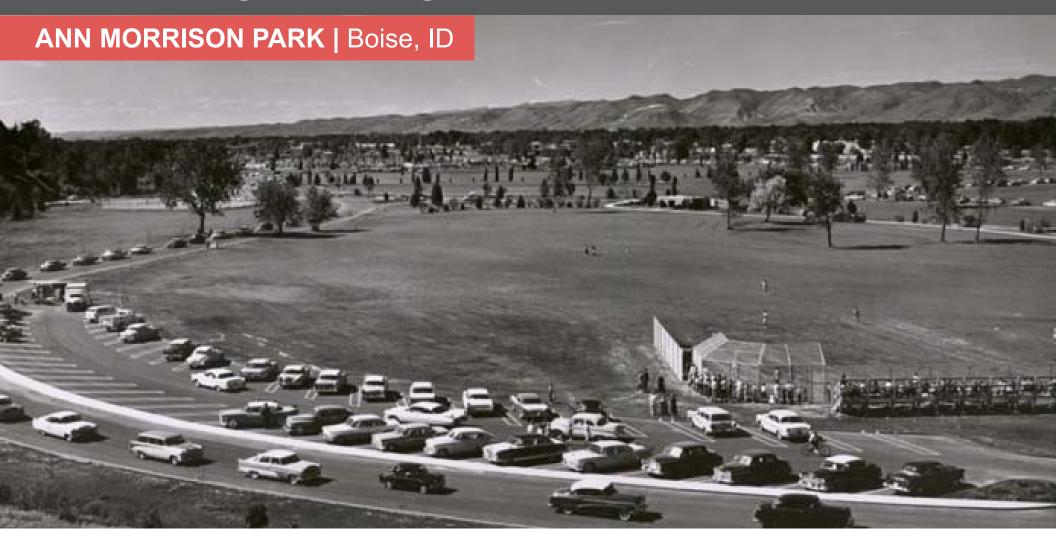


SPAULDING RANCH | Option 1

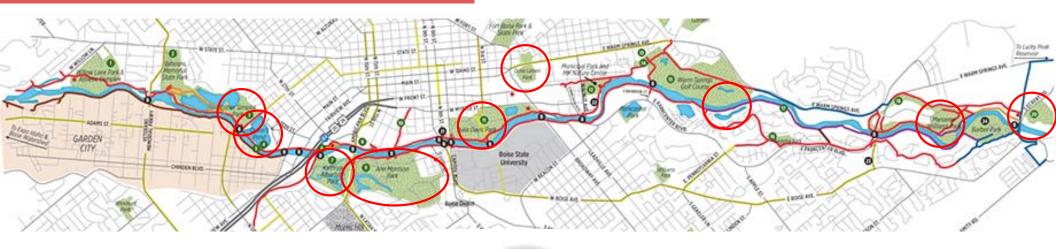


SPAULDING RANCH | Option 2





Ribbon of Jewels | Boise, ID





















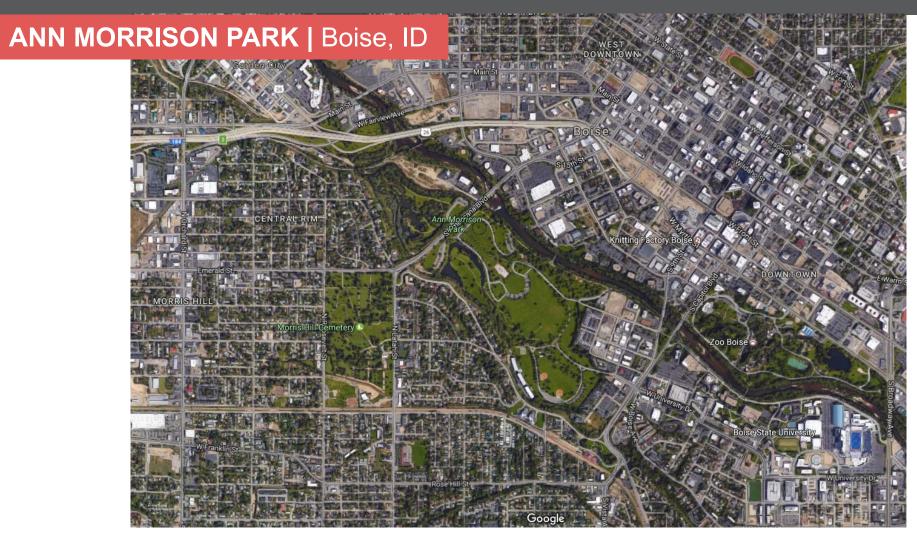
ANN MORRISON PARK | Boise, ID

BOISE PARKS INTERPRETATION

HISTORIC PARK TYPES **FOOD PRODUCTION** PLEASURE GARDENS **REFORM PARKS** RECREATION FACILITY **OPEN SPACE SYSTEM TRANSPORTATION FUTURE** Public spaces as places Natural, landscaped Provided play areas Extend recreation to Public spaces used for Public transportation mostly for children recreational purposes to grow food by the environments suburban & urban areas as civic space and public set in contrast to of working class and with stadiums, pools, & connectors between industrialized cities immigrant families indoor facilities public spaces Pre-1900 1930 1965 1990 2016 1850 History ANN MORRISON PARK **BOISE RIVER GREEN BELT BOISE DEPOT BOISE URBAN GARDEN** KATHRYN ALBERTSON **COMBA PARK** SCHOOL PARK

ANN MORRISON PARK | Boise, ID





ANN MORRISON PARK | Boise, ID



ANN MORRISON PARK | Boise, ID



- What are the character defining features Touchstones
- Preserving the historic significance
- Stakeholders: Morrison Family, Community
 & Recreation Groups, Neighbors,
 Environmental Groups
- Neighborhood and Destination Park

ANN MORRISON PARK | Boise, ID



Morrison Family Priorities

- Legacy of Ann Morrison
- Open Space
- Family Play
- Access to the River

ANN MORRISON PARK | Boise, ID



Over 1,000
Participants in
Survey and
Open House

- Improve Circulation
- Enhance Ecological and Recreational Function of River and Waterways
- Restore and Enhance historic features of the park
- Improve function for Recreational Sports and Special Events
- Refresh the Park to be more responsive to the current and evolving needs of the community

ANN MORRISON PARK | Boise, ID





Proposed Circulation



MAIN ENTRY – MEMORIAL MALL



MAIN ENTRY – MEMORIAL MALL





Then

MAIN ENTRY – MEMORIAL MALL



Renovated Fountain



Amphitheatre / Stage



Picnic Shelters





WATERWAYS: EXISTING CONDITIONS





WATERWAYS: POND







WATERWAYS: POND



Restored Bank Vegetation
Sidewalk
Improved Water Quality
Seating Elements
Dog Beach
Vegetated Buffer
Enhanced Parking
Play Beach
Casting Platform
Improved
Crescent Rim Trail
Wetland



WATERWAYS: BOISE RIVER





Then Now

WATERWAYS: THE BOISE RIVER











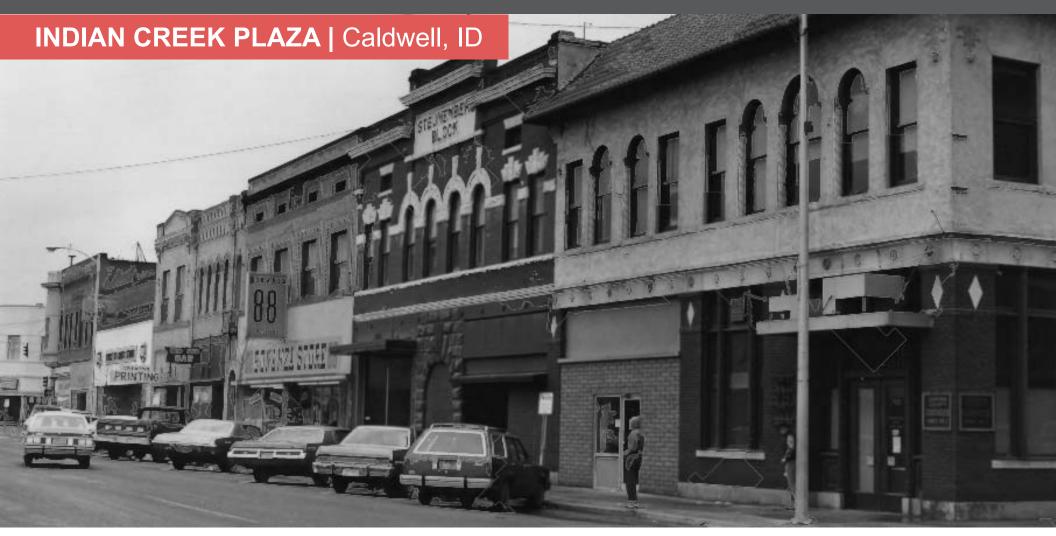
River Beach Viewpoint / Overlook

WATERWAYS: THE BOISE RIVER

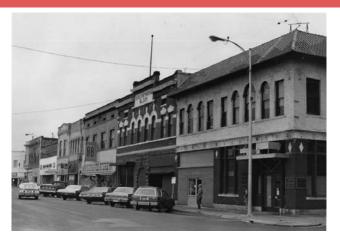












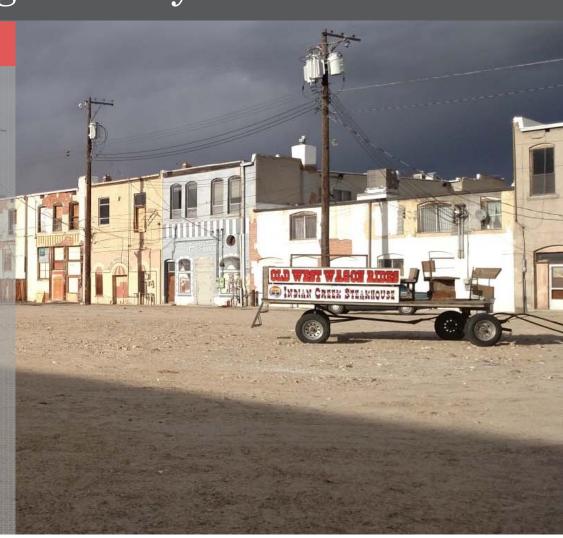




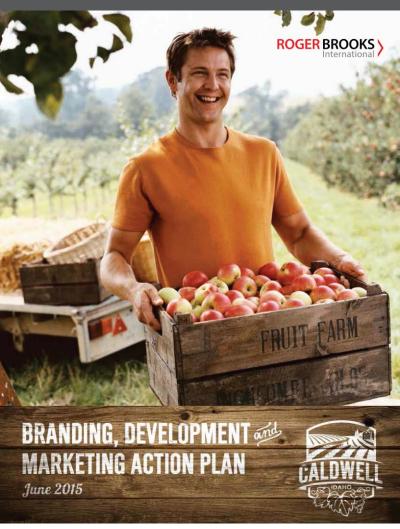


NEW DEVELOPMENT STANDARDS

- Landscape construction where one historically never existed
- Landscape construction where a previous historic landscape used to exist
- Contemporary use or interpretive needs are basis for design
- Understanding the context and historical development patterns of the construction site is key for compatibility with their setting

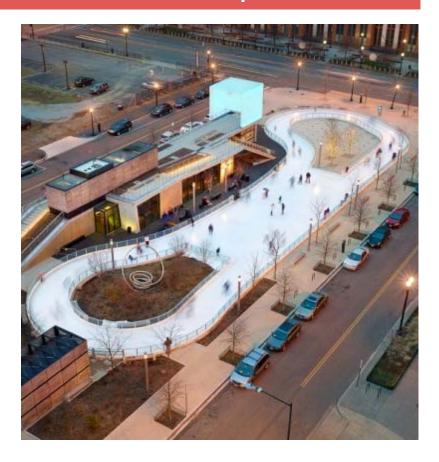






- Get people Downtown on a consistent basis
- Programmed Plaza with activities at least 250 days a year
- Stage, Ice Rink and Splash Pad





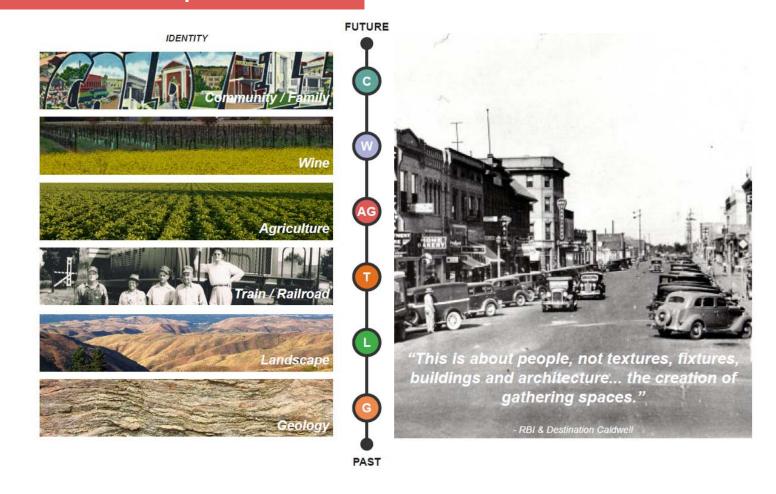












INDIAN CREEK PLAZA | Caldwell, ID

Palimpsest

noun | pal • imp • sest

: Something that has changed over time and shows evidence of that change (Merriam-Webster)

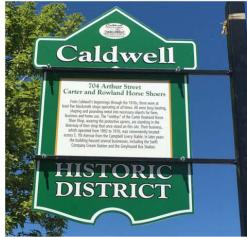
Creating community identity by revealing Caldwell's rich past.

- Authenticity is in the details -



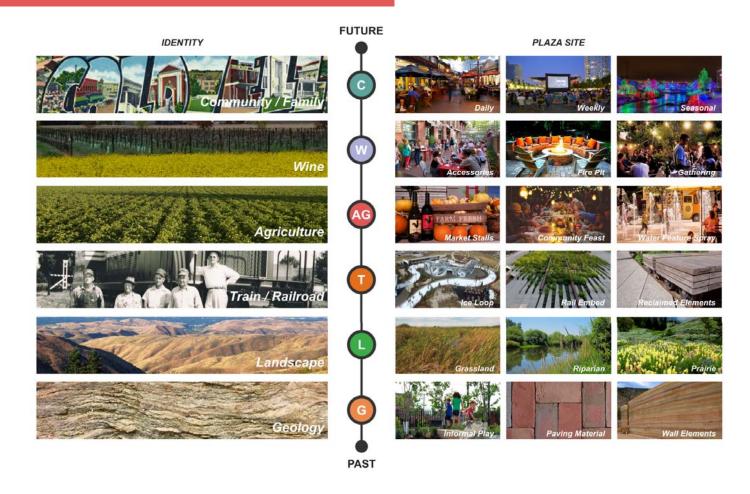


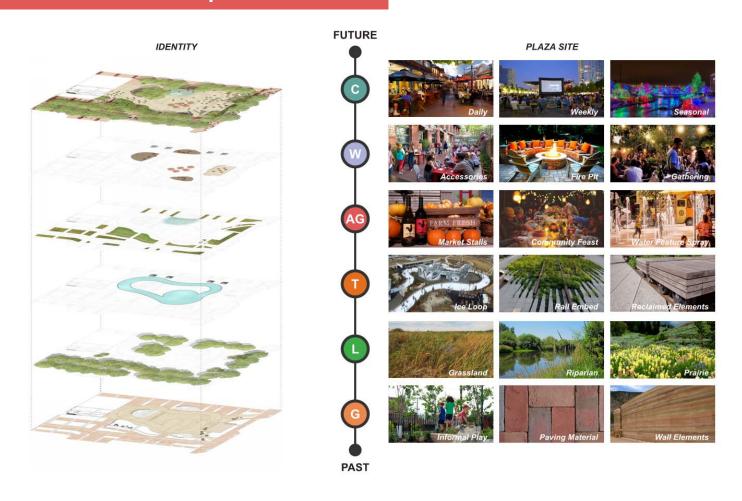


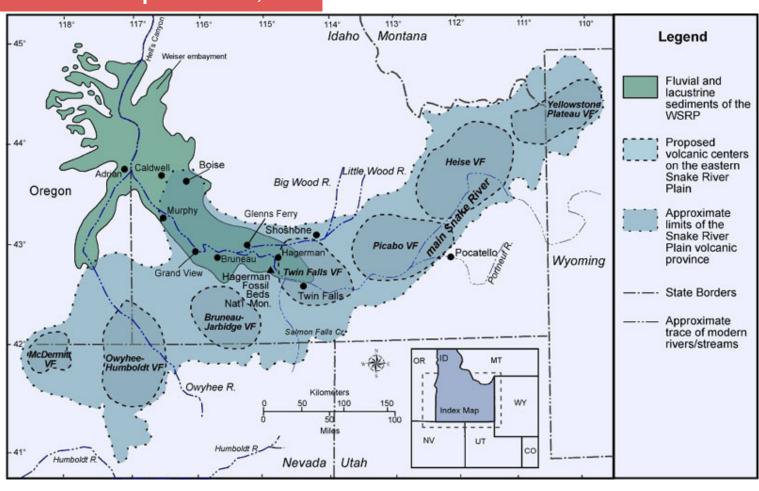


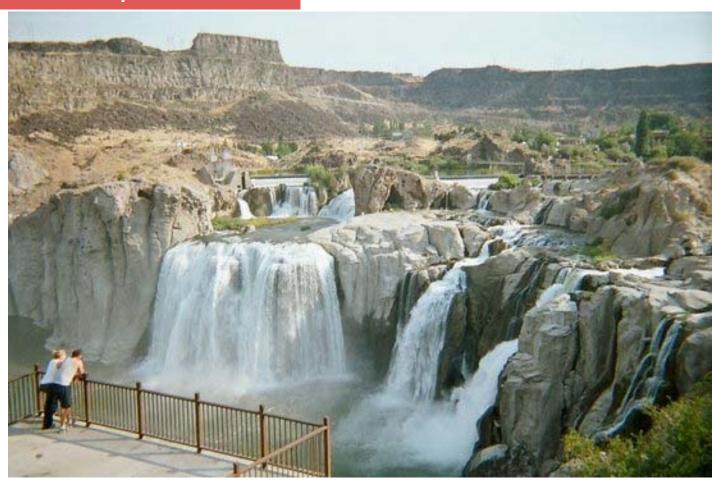


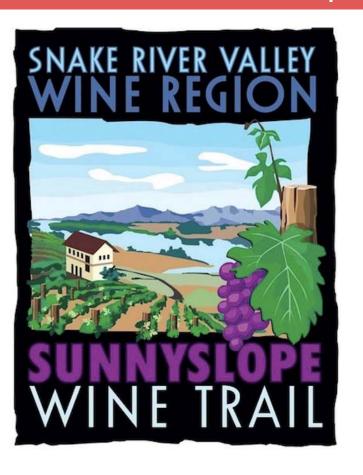






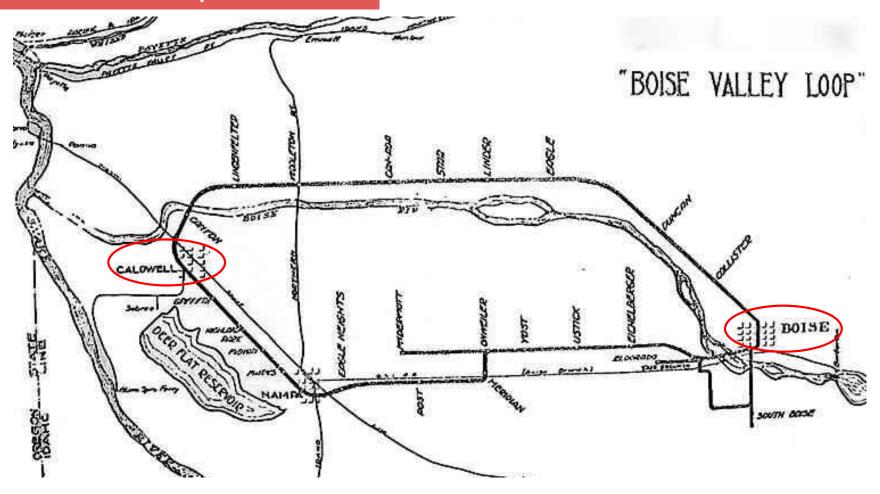


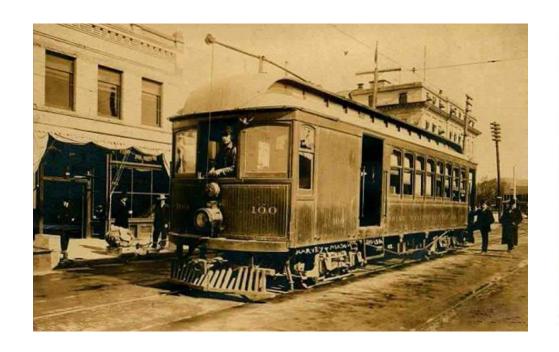
















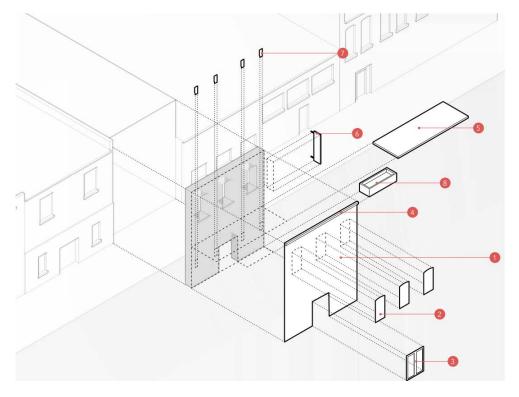
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HOW TO USE THIS Improvement Kit

Each facade improvement kit is made up of the same component elements. Each kit maintains a similar formal language, but allows the individual building to present a unique face to the future plaza, creating a unique identity for the business or building, but promoting a vital community and some aesthetic continuity within the alley.

Within each kit, components serve a similar role, with similar shapes and proportions, although with different aesthetic values. These similarities create a commonality among the multiple alley facades, creating a legible whole, and crafting a community around Indian Creek Plaza. The various aesthetics of the (3) different kits are intentionally broad to allow each retailer to maintain a unique identity within the community.

Business owners are encouraged to either select from a singular kit or pick and choose from the three to further develop a facade design that works for their specific business goals, building limitations and budget within this basic framework.

KIT COMPONENTS

- 1. Facade
- 2. Fenestration
- 3. Entry
- 4. Cornice
- 5. Weather Protection
- 6. Signage
- 7. Lighting
- 8. Accessories



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Kit #1 - Timeless Restoration

A historically sensitive renovation of the building facades and integrated components

Kit #2 - Respectfully Eclectic

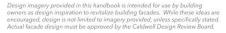
A mix of restored pieces, newer systems and elements from other styles, with a similar vocabulary of materials and proportions.

Kit #3 - Design-Oriented Contemporary

A contemporary update to the building facades, with a sensitive re-interpretation of materials and concepts.

















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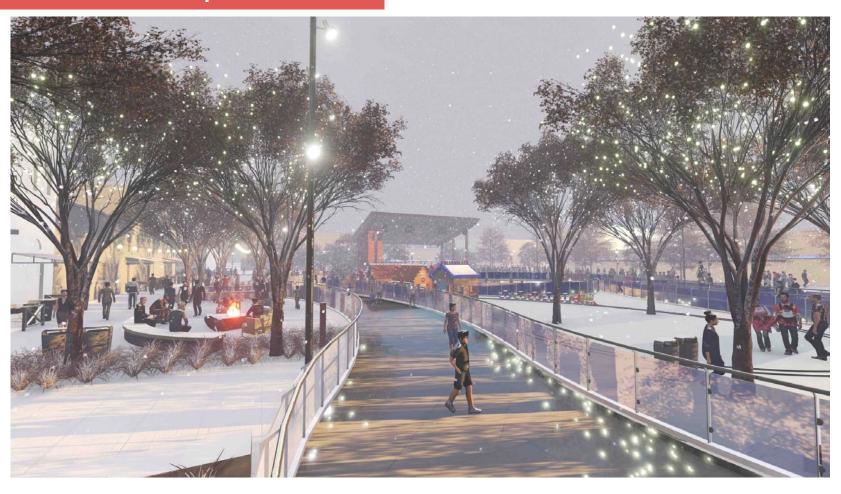
Kit #2 EXAMPLE: Respectfully Eclectic

A mix of restored pieces, newer systems and elements from other styles, with a similar vocabulary of materials and proportions.





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Conclusion







Conclusion

























Q & A